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The Daily, containing the latest telegraphic news, is published every day except Mondays. The Weekly is published on Saturday.

TIME TABLES.

Time of Arrival and Departure of Trains at Reno.

ARRIVES	TRAIN.	DEPARTS
8:35 p.m.	SOUTHERN PACIFIC.	
9:00 a.m.	No. 1, Eastbound Express	8:45 p.m.
9:00 a.m.	No. 2, Westbound Express	9:15 p.m.
9:20 p.m.	No. 4, Westbound fast mail	9:30 p.m.

VIRGINIA & TRUCKEE.

1:00 p.m.	No. 1, Virginia Express	8:15 a.m.
1:40 a.m.	No. 2, Sierra Express	1:35 p.m.
1:40 p.m.	No. 4, Local Passenger	8:40 a.m.
4:15 p.m.	N.C.O. R.Y. Express and Freight	

Time of Arrival and Departure of Mail at Reno.

MAIL	ARRIVES	CLOSES.
San Francisco, Sacramento and points in Calif. and Oregon	8:15 a.m.	8:00 p.m.
Baden, and Eastern points and all Coast cities and all Southern points	9:00 p.m.	8:00 a.m.
Susanville and all points north	8:15 p.m.	8:00 a.m.

Buffalo Meadows and Sheephead mail arrives every Thursday at 4:15 P.M. and closes every Friday at 8:00 A.M.

A. T. looked ponies from Virginia and Carson, and at 11:45 A.M., mail for same closes at 1:30 P.M.

Postoffice Hours:

From 9:00 A.M. to 6 P.M. Sundays from 9 to 10 A.M.

FIFTY-CENT COLUMN.

All classes of legitimate advertisements not exceeding six lines inserted in this column at 5 cents per week.

Furnished Rooms,
Rooms for rent, housekeeping or single, at the Wager building, opposite the N.C.O. depot.
MRS. L. TUCKER
mr twt

An Easter Dinner.

The young people of the Baptist Church will serve an Easter dinner Friday, April 8, in the church parlor, from 4 to 7 P.M. mtd.

Folding Vapor Bath
Am now prepared to show sample of above and take orders. Also have a full stock of Perfection lamp burners on hand.
mrc2w1 N. H. HAGOOD, Agent

Money to Loan.

Five hundred dollars is offered for loan on good real estate security. Apply at JOURNAL office.
mrc2tf

Ready For Business.

P. Andreuccetti has resumed business at his old stand on North Virginia street and will be pleased to fill all orders in his line promptly. Buy your potatos at the Reno Garden Store—Buy banks at 90 cents a sack.
Mar2tf

I. N. BAKELESS,

Next Door to Postoffice
RENO — NEVADA

DEALER IN

FANCY and SMALL GROCERIES,
TAMALE SUPPLIES,
LUNCH GOODS.

Fruits and Vegetables in Season

All Orders Carefully Filled and Good
Delivered to Any Part of the City.

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SAUER & GROB. Proprietors.

Dealers in Meats of All Kinds.

Finest of Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal

LAMB IN SEASON.

SAusages of all Kinds a Specialty.
Virginia Street, Reno, Nev. Jan 1st

ROSENTHAL & ARMANKO,
Dealers in
CIGARS,
TOBACCO,
PIPES,
NOTIONS,
TOILET ARTICLES

NEAT CLUB ROOMS ATTACHED
Commercial Row, Reno, Nev.

WOMAN'S WORLD.

PRINCESS KAULANI, WHO WILL BECOME THE WIFE OF PRINCE DAVID

English and American Factory Girls—Chicago's Fair Carvers—Fashionable Side Combs—Demiseason Costumes—Horseback Man Fashion.

News comes from Honolulu that a royal marriage has been arranged between Prince David Kawanakoa and Princess Victoria Kaulani, niece of Queen Liliuokalani.

All that is necessary to make the betrothal a formal one as befits Hawaiian royalty is the signature of dowager Queen Kapiolani to deeds of family settlement.

The bride to be is the daughter of ex-Governor Archibald Scott Cleghorn and the late Princess Miriam Lilikane.

PRINCESS KAULANI.

der the monarchial regime that lately prevailed Princess Kaulani would have succeeded to the throne of Queen Liliuokalani.

Prince David is the son of David Kahalepouli, a famous high chief of Hawaii, and Kinoki Kokauhi, the younger sister of Queen Kapiolani. No one in all Hawaii enjoys a greater measure of popularity than he.

He is devoted to the interests of Hawaii. Under the monarchy he was destined for a place in the department of foreign affairs. He served there in minor capacities for some time and gained a reputation for ability that would have stood him in good stead had Queen Liliuokalani continued on the throne.

The young man wears the dress of the everyday New Yorker, just as the bride to be wears the latest fashions from Paris. He is 26 years old, about 5 feet 10 inches in height and has a swarthy face. Both have visited in this country.

English and American Factory Girls.

"When the wrongs and oppressions of which the members of my sex are victims," said an ardent reformer the other day, "work me up into such a state that I feel I can stand it no longer, I read the English newspapers."

"Heroic remedy," commented the foppish woman who makes biting, empty club speeches.

"It's a positive cure for the divine discontent that comes of knowing too much about the working woman and the working woman's neglected children," continued the reformer thoughtfully. "And although I am dissolved in tears usually, before I get through I go back to my work next day with infinitely more courage and enthusiasm. Striving to obtain higher wages and shorter hours and working to have unjust and unsanitary regulations abolished seem trifling tasks compared to the herculean labors which confront the English reformers. This month's number of The Women's Trade Union Review, for instance, gives an account of the fish curing industry in England. Girls of 14 have been found to be working through Saturday night and until 5 o'clock on Sunday morning. The work is trying at the best of times, and the girls are described as crawling home in an exhausted condition. No wonder. The processes of gutting, salting and packing are exempted from the protection of factory legislation on the score that fish is perishable, and the employers take advantage of this fact, even when the work in hand is not of an urgent character.

"Then some of the women who do the exquisite Irish embroidery on linen are paid not with money, but in packets of candles, tea or soap. As the Review says, 'Thrift is a great virtue, and one which is always being inculcated in our industrial friends, but unless they were magnates they could hardly cultivate thrifit on small payments as these.'

"And you really think these instances you mention are worse than our sweatshops and factories?"

"Our sweatshops, as they exist now are as good as the workrooms of most of the up town department stores, and the conditions of the English and the American factory girl are as different as is night from day."

Chicago's Fair Carvers.

Wood carving is rapidly coming into favor with Chicago society women. Hull House is the rallying point for the entire fraternity, as it is here that the Chicago Arts and Crafts society was organized, and here its principal meetings are held. One of the most widely known women of the wood carving fraternity is Mrs. Anna Higginson Spicer. Her workshop is in the cellar of what is known to her neighbors as "Ye Little Gray House." The cozy space now occupied by bencches and all the paraphernalia of a complete and artistic wood-working establishment was once a coal bin. The history of Mrs. Spicer's enrollment in the ranks of this craft is simple but unique. Being unable to find in the "open market" the kind of furniture which she desired, she courageously determined to learn how to make it. At first her decorative attempts were of the simplest character, but as she gradually



A Mississippi Woman.

Mrs. Robert Somerville of Greenville, president of the Mississippi W. S. A., is a lady highly respected in her section. Indeed most of the southern state suffrage associations are thus fortunate in their presidents. The Greenville Times says: "Mrs. Somerville, the president of the Mississippi organization, is a woman of exceptional and carefully cultured intellectual strength, united to a personality and social prestige which peculiarly fit her for the responsible position she holds. She is the eldest daughter of the late William L. Nugent of Jackson and has inherited in the highest degree the mental gifts possessed by her distinguished father. The work of the association has made surprising progress in the south, notwithstanding the predictions that the conservatism of that section would oppose a formidable barrier to its advance."

Keeping Posted.

"At least one morning in the week the intellectual smart set in Washington arises an hour earlier and is seen wending its way to the Wimodoughis club, where behind closed doors Miss Janet Richards posts her fair hearers on all the topics of interest of the day—political, religious, social and literary—so that when they take their departure they are able to discuss intelligently with priest, layman or politician subjects of present interest. A large number of the official set are among her audience. One busy woman said: "You do not know what a relief it is to us, for with all our social duties it would be impossible for us to keep posted on all the topics necessary for discussion in official life. We are also instructed in the literature of the day and learn what to criticize. How could we keep read up and have time for anything else?"

"The People's Common Sense Adviser" explains symptoms of ailments common to every family, and suggests remedies. It has several chapters on woman's diseases and weaknesses. An edition in heavy paper covers will be distributed absolutely free. Send the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., 21 one-cent stamps, to pay the cost of mailing only. Cloth binding may be had for 10 cents extra—31 cents in all.

Free Medical Treatment for Weak Men

Who Are Willing to Pay When Convinced of Cure.

A scientific combined medical and mechanical cure has been discovered for "Weakness of Men." Its success has been so startling that the proprietors now announce that they will send it on trial—remedies and appliance without advance payment—to any honest man who will subscribe to it. You wish—send it back—that costs it—pay nothing!

No such offer was ever made in good faith before; we believe no other remedy would stand such a test. This combined treatment cures quickly, thoroughly and forever all effects of disease, even after long intervals of time. It creates health, strength, vitality, sustaining powers and restores weak and undeveloped portions to natural dimensions and functions.

Any man who in earnest will receive descriptive particulars and references in a plain sealed envelope. Professional confidence. No imposition of any nature. A national reputation is earned.

Back this offer (Cut out and send this notice, or mention paper.) Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

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RENO NEVADA.

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Accounts of Banks, Corporations and Individuals Received on Favorable Terms.

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We buy and sell exchange on New York, Chicago, San Francisco, and other points in the United States; also on London, Paris, Berlin, Genoa, Bellinzon Copenhagen, Stockholm, and other cities in Europe.

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THE LEADING BUTCHERS OF RENO.

Meats of All Kinds at Wholesale and Retail.

The Finest Beef, Mutton, Pork, Veal, Sausage

CONSTANTLY ON HAND. ALSO HAM, BACON AND DRIED BEEF

Bologna, Bloodwurst, Liverwurst, Weinerwurst and Headcheese.

SHOP—Corner Commercial Row and Sierra Street, Reno.
Fancy Meats of all kinds put up in the Finest Style of the Arand delivered to all parts of the city free of charge.

GRAND ADVANCE SALE

OF

Fall and Winter Goods in

Foreign and Domestic Patterns

EXQUISITELY NEAT AND NATTY PATTERN

DRESS GOODS,

NEWEST TRIMMINGS.

PRICES DOWN CANNOT BE BEAT

Sol. Levv.

RENO BOTTLING WORKS

AGENCY OF THE

Pabst Brewing Company OF MILWAUKEE.

THE FINEST BEER ON THE MARKET

Also Agents for the celebrated Pabst Malt Extract, the only extract that gained 100 points of perfection at the Columbian Exposition.

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS

For Family Use or Medicinal Purposes a Specialty.

MULLER & STUMPF

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OF NEVADA

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Subscribed Capitol	-	-	\$ 300 000
Paid Up Capitol	-	-	150 000.
Surplus	-	-	77,000.

Accounts of Banks, Corporations, and Individuals received on favorable terms.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

Buy and sell exchange on all the principal cities of the United States, Canada, Europe, Asia and Africa.

Messrs. Scheeline & Osburn are Resident Agents for twenty-eight Fire Insurance Companies, the total assets of which are \$217,600,000.

Safe Deposit Boxes for rent, prices according to size varying from \$8 to per annum.

EO. F. TURRIFTIN, President
MORITZ SCHEELINE, Vice President
S. OSBURN, Cashier

TRANS-MISSISSIPPI AND INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION.

OMAHA, NEBRASKA.

NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 1898.

EASTERN ADVERTISING OFFICE 234 Temple Court, New York City
R. Katz, Agent.

THE CURRENCY BILL.

The House Committee on Banking and Currency has prepared a bill based upon the recommendations of the Indianapolis Bankers' Convention to reform the currency. The principal features of the measure are given as follows:

The establishment of a division of issue and redemption in the Treasury. The United States notes received by this division for redemption in gold are to be cancelled and retired, in proportion as certain substitute currency is issued. No note redeemed in gold is to be again paid out except under exceptional conditions.

National banks are required to assume the current redemption of United States demand notes in order to obtain circulation, based upon their commercial assets. A new class of notes called National reserve notes, is to be issued in lieu of greenbacks deposited by the banks with the Treasury, and these reserve notes are to be redeemed upon demand by the banks out of the redemption fund which they are required to maintain in gold. These reserve notes are not to be treated as bank notes, as the banks are not liable for their redemption.

The basis of National bank circulation will be the commercial assets of the banks. National banks are to be permitted to issue currency notes to the amount of the reserve notes issued to them upon deposit for United States notes.

Treasury notes issued under the Sherman Act of 1890 are to be dealt with on the same basis as United States notes or greenbacks.

A tax of two per cent is levied upon currency notes issued in excess of 60 per cent of the capital stock of any National bank, and a tax of six per cent when in excess of 80 per cent.

The National currency notes based upon commercial assets of banks are to be secured by a bank note guaranty fund made up by the contribution in gold coin of 5 per cent of the entire circulation of the banks.

The National reserve notes will continue to be legal tender until received in the Treasury from failed and liquidating capital, surplus and undivided profits.

National banks are permitted to establish branches under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

The bill proposes to withdraw all Government paper money from circulation and permit the National banks to issue currency notes to meet requirements of commerce. It provides for the redemption of standard dollars in gold and more securely places the country in the tentacles of the money octopus. It is not probable that the bill can pass the Senate unless the complexion of that body is changed and that cannot occur during the Fifty-fifth Congress.

THE ANNEXATION OF HAWAII.

The government of Great Britain is surprised at the report of the Senate committee on foreign relations which, after presenting a joint resolution for the annexation of Hawaii, set forth that Great Britain was plotting for the absorption of Hawaii. A high official in the British foreign office said: "It is unfortunate that the committee has such an erroneous impression. I cannot imagine upon what supposed facts they base their report. It seems improbable that the Senators would issue official statements on no other basis than rumors and speculations. As a matter of fact, nothing is farther from Great Britain's intention than to interfere in any way with the existing regime in Hawaii. No steps in that direction were ever contemplated. On the contrary her majesty's government has recognized that the United States has the foremost interests in Hawaii and that it is natural and inevitable that Hawaii should be under American influence."

SPAIN'S national debt is \$1,700,000,000 with an accruing annual interest of \$105,000,000, while her annual income amounts to about \$160,000,000. The latter will little more than pay the annual interest on the debt, so it is not very likely that Spain will be allowed by her creditors to increase her debt by going to war, however disposed her fine eaters may be for a conflict.

She is in a desperate strait financially and in addition to the existing political complications in her home government are such that she is on the verge of destruction and when this is considered, it is not to be wondered at that she would resort to war or most anything in the hope of changing the fate that seems inevitable. Like an individual who is driven to the wall and can see nothing but humiliation and disgrace on the one side and suicide on the other, the latter is preferable. Such is Spain's position.

One of the most ominous signs that the strained relations between the United States and Spain will result in war is furnished by the English ship owners who have cabled to their shipping agents in America that all charters must contain the war clause.

THE Governor of North Carolina informs the President that the old Tar State can furnish 245,000 men in case of hostilities. Lets hear from the Governor of South Carolina.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

An extra session of the Cabinet was held at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

A synopsis of the report of the Board was cabled Minister Woodford at Madrid yesterday.

The New York Naval Reserve has received word that it will be ordered out perhaps at any moment.

President McKinley has authorized the report that the Maine was blown up by external explosion.

The President has ordered the Secretary of War to garrison Forts Jefferson and Tortugas immediately.

Secretary Day issued an order yesterday morning for troops to be ready in the west to move at a moment's notice.

The naval officers at Key West are of the belief that the Spanish torpedo boat will be stopped before it reaches Port Rico.

Secretary Day gave out yesterday that he was in favor of the most energetic intervention in regard to the Cuban question.

Congress will not adjourn before Monday in order to give President McKinley opportunity to communicate with that body at any moment.

Secretary Long has issued orders for the naval officers to inspect the naval militia and report the number of able men and those willing to enter the service.

Commodore Schley has designated the Brooklyn as the flagship of the flying squadron and his flag will be raised on that ship at Hampton Roads Monday.

President McKinley and Secretaries Long, Day and Alger began the consideration of the report of the Board of Inquiry regarding the blowing up of the Maine, at 10 o'clock yesterday morning.

Army orders have been issued to mobilize the infantry and cavalry east of Denver on the Atlantic and Gulf Coast. A requisition has been made for 5,000 army tents to be delivered within 30 days.

The rain storm is something phenomenal in Ohio, Western Pennsylvania and Indiana, the down pour having been continuous since last Saturday. Much suffering will result unless the State or Federal Government comes to the aid and relief of the people who have been unfortunate.

Captain Roberts of the Revenue Cutter Rush has reported to Collector Jackson of San Francisco that the wreck of the Helen W. Almy cannot be removed from its present position and that it is a menace to navigation. Jackson has requested Major Davis of the U. S. Engineer Corps to blow up the wreck.

From reliable authority it is learned that the report of the Board of Inquiry will say that the Maine was blown up from the outside, but does not fix the responsibility. It does not even venture an opinion as to the character of the explosion, but the evidence in the report goes to show that it was from a powerful sub-marine mine, the character of which is undetermined.

Heavy floods are reported on the Ohio. It is said that the river is swollen by a remarkable and peculiar flood. It is peculiar for the reason that the stage of water is phenomenal from Wheeling to Cairo, but no tributary on the left bank of the river is making the slightest contribution to the freshet. Great damage to property and some loss of life is reported all along the flooded district. Over 600 dwellings are submerged in North Dayton and 2,000 people have been driven from their homes. Several railroad lines have stopped entirely owing to flooded tracks, washouts and bridges washed away.

The Schoolyard.

To spend large sums of money on architectural beauties and stone carvings of historic ornaments—which have but little attraction for children—to make a school building look like a palace and then to leave the schoolyard looking like a desert, the top of a luminous lake, without a single attractive flower or one bit of beauty, are inconsistencies which seem possible only in the modern system of education.

Weather beaten houses in the country, log cabins on the frontiers, railroad stations in the Great American desert and all over our country have their beautiful flower gardens, and it refreshes one's soul to see them, but there is no such source of refreshment, inspiration and instruction where children are being educated in the "essentials."—Henry Lincoln Clapp in Popular Science Monthly.

Lessons Your Wants.

More of the true enjoyment of life lies in this maxim than is generally thought. We may indeed go to extremes and cut to the quick, like that cynical philosopher who threw away his wooden cup on seeing a vagrant boy drink from the hollow of his hand. But the truth is we create many of our own necessities, and with the growth of luxury new wants come in, not by ones, nor by tens, but by hundreds.—New York Ledger.

The "Hedge" Doctor.

A "hedge" doctor, a kind of quack in Ireland, was being examined at an inquest on his treatment of a patient who had died. "I gave him ipecacuanha," he said. "You might just as well have given him the aurochs cords," said the coroner.

"Inde, yer honor, and that's just what I should have given him next if he hadn't died."—Hospital Gazette.

Robert Morris' Bank of North America, founded at Philadelphia at the end of the year 1781, was the first banking institution founded on the American continent.

The first envelope ever made is in the possession of the British museum.

FINE EMBROIDERY.

A Beautiful Panel Screen and the Way It May Be Done In Crewels and Silk.

A species of embroidery which is called a novelty in France and is just now all the fashion, appeared at the Decorative Art rooms here in New York a number of years ago, an especial exhibition of the work of Mrs. Holmes of Boston. It consisted of panels, squares and other shapes, each one being a realistic landscape done in crewels and silk.



but having all the vigor of color of an oil painting. In the accompanying design for a screen the panels are worked in this way. The first panel is entitled "A Calm Evening." The foundation is a pale, dull blue. The houses and objects are put in with a dark purple. The leaves of the vine are in dark green, with others of a lighter green, the moon and its reflection pale yellow, the lines of the clouds indigo blue, the bridge and the ground a dark brown, and the markings of the water in black. The middle panel is called "A Starry Night." Gold stars are embroidered on a deep blue ground, and the clouds are cut out of a rosy gray. The third panel is called "Dawn." The foundation is yellowish pink, the line of the clouds is in bright rose color, the land in the distance indigo blue, the vessels are in a deep rich brown, and the rocks in the foreground in dark green and black.—New York Tribune.

DIED.

MERPHY—In Reno, March 25, 1898. J. W. Merphy, aged 16 years, 6 months and 24 days.

McKissick's Opera House.

ONE--WEEK--ONE COMMENCING

Monday Evening, March 21, 1898.

MATINEE SATURDAY.

—The Eastern Favorites—

Hockey-Wheeler Company.

Including Charming—

MARION HOCKEY.

Clever People. Interesting Plays. Sparkling Specialties.

TO-NIGHT
"Little Macdow."
A Romantic Drama.

Different Play Every Night.

Popular Prices, 10, 20, 30 Cents.

Sents on Sale at Luke's.

FOR SALE.

A FEW SACKS OF CHOICE AUSTRALIAN WHITE SEED WHEAT, threshed with horses, hand cleaned; every seed will grow.

Fine Barn Hay.

CHOICE VARIETIES OF APPLES,

Repacked. Every apple perfect to-day, 75 cents per box f. o. b. cars, Reno, Washoe County, Nevada, America.

The Finest Bred

Road Horse in this State, and the finest specimen of a road horse in this State, six years old, dapple brown, black points, fine condition, weight eleven hundred and fifty pounds; price \$100.

One Fine Norfolk

Horse, 1150 pounds, gray, will work

single or double, or in saddle. A

horse of great endurance. \$60.

One Thoroughbred

Saddle Mare, 875 pounds, bay, perfectly

gentle and in perfect condition. \$15.

80 Acres of Town

Lot for sale, single lots, block or the whole batch. The finest garden land in Nevada, water with the land; one hundred rods from the University of Nevada; eighty rods from the S. P. Co. C. P. depot, Reno, Washoe County, Nevada, America.

B. F. Leete,

SEEDS FOR FARM, FOR KITCHEN GARDEN, FOR FLOWER GARDEN.

Best and Cheapest at PINNIGER'S.



PORTEOUS DECORATIVE CO.

WE ARE SELLING

KITCHEN AND BEDROOM PAPERS
At 12 1-2c, 15c and 20c per DOUBLE ROLL.

GILT PARLOR AND DINING-ROOM
At 20c, 25c and 30c per DOUBLE ROLL.

EMBOSSING PAPERS,
GLIMMER PAPERS and other ARTISTIC GOODS,
At 35c, and 40c per DOUBLE ROLL.

CALL AND SEE THEM.

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Mammoth

Store

Clothing and Furnishing Goods Department.

FULL LINE FOR BOYS AND MEN

Men's suits from \$5 upwards. Boy's suits ages 12 to 18 years from \$5 upwards. From 10 to 14 years, \$4 and upwards. Children's suits from \$1.25 upwards.

HATS AND CAPS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Furnishing Goods in all qualities, from \$1 per suit upwards.

Neckwear, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders and all Novelties in Gent's Wear.



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RENO, NEVADA.

M. NATHAN, The Pioneer Clothier

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MENS AND BOYS' CLOTHING AT COST.

Men's Blue and Black Diagonal Suits \$10

Men's All Wool Underwear per \$2 00 Suit

All My Fall and Winter Stock

MUST BE SOLD AT COST,

To Make Room for My Immense Spring and Summer Stock to Arrive from the East.

Everything in my Line at Bedrock Prices.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

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Look Again At Some of my Prices.

Men's and boy's Golf Shirt from..... \$.50 upward.

" laundered white shirts from..... .50 "

" and boy's underwear from..... .50 "

Children's shoes from..... .50 "

Men's fine shoes from..... 1.20 "

" straight brimmed fedoras from..... 1.25 "

" extra fine socks..... .05 "

Ox Breeches (positively guaranteed not to rip) at..... 1.00 "

Men's Dress suits from..... 4.00 "

Also trunks and Valises.

I am sole Agent for the Finest and Fanciest Children's Clothing in the Market.

H. LETER,

Bon Ton Tailor,

Commercial Row, Reno, Nev.



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OFFICE—Investment Building over J. C. Brooks' store, Virginia street, Reno, Nevada. Aug 5th

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Obstetrician and Gynecologist.

OFFICE—Eureka Block, Virginia street. OFFICE HOURS—8:30 A. M. to 12 M., 1 to 4 P. M.

RESIDENCE—Stevenson street.

OFFICE and residence on Nevada Telephone line. 5-111

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WM. WEBSTER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW RENO, NEVADA.

OFFICE—First National Bank Building, upstairs.

FRANK H. NORCROSS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Will practice in all the Courts of the State. OFFICE—Room 5, Bank of Nevada Building, Reno, Nevada.

ALFRED CHARTZ.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. CARSON CITY — NEVADA.

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First-Class Accommodations For Families.

Fine Wines and Brandies, Claret and White Wine

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Low rate given at Wholesale.

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MINING AND SCIENTIFIC PRESS,

220 MARKET ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

BIDS FOR MUNICIPAL BONDS WANTED.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF THAT certain Act of the Legislature of the State of Nevada entitled "An Act to Incorporate the Town of Reno," approved March 8, 1897, and of an affirmative vote of the electors of the City of Reno at a special election held on the 9th day of October, 1897, written bids are invited and will be received until

April 11, 1898, at 8 o'clock P. M., Of said day for the purchase of the bonds of the City of Reno in the sum of \$130,000, or any part thereof, not less than the sum of \$500, to be known and designated as "Reno Water Works Bonds." Also for the purchase of the bonds of the City of Reno in the further sum of \$20,000, or any part thereof, not less than the sum of \$500, to be known as and designated as "Reno Electric Light Bonds." All said bonds to bear interest at the rate of six per cent, payable annually. The principal of said bonds to mature and be payable in equal annual installments between and including the sixth and twentieth years from their date of issuance and the date of the said payments to be designated upon the face of the said bonds. Both the principal and the interest of the said bonds to be payable at maturity in lawful money of the United States of America at the office of the Treasurer of the City of Reno at Reno, Nevada. No bids for the said bonds or any thereof will be considered if for less than the sum of \$500, and the right is expressly reserved to reject any and all bids. The constitutionality of the above mentioned Act of the Legislature and the regularity and the legality of the above men ioned special election have been sustained by a comprehensive decision of the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada, a copy of which together with other pertinent information will be furnished to prospective bidders upon application therefore being made to the City Clerk. Bids should designate in their respective bids the redemption year of the bonds for which they bid. All bids must be sealed, endorsed, "Bids for Reno Bonds," and directed to F. B. Potter, City Clerk, Reno, Nevada.

R. S. OSBURN, President City Council. Attest: F. B. PORTER, City Clerk, 3-91d

STATEMENT FOR THE INFORMATION OF PROSPECTIVE PURCHASES OF RENO WATER WORKS AND ELECTRIC LIGHT BONDS.

THE CITY OF RENO WAS INCORPORATED by a special Act of the Legislature of the State of Nevada, approved March 8, 1897. It is the largest city on the line of the Central Pacific Railroad between Sacramento, California, and Ogden, Utah, has had a steady and continuous growth ever since its inception and is situated in the midst of the richest agricultural and stock raising country between the Sierra Nevada and the Rocky mountains. Its resources are agricultural and pastoral rather than those of mines. It is the terminus of the V. & T. R. R. extending south with its connection three hundred and fifty miles, and also of the N. C. & O. R. R. extending north eighty miles. It is the seat of the State University, of the State Hospital for Mental Diseases, and of the State Agricultural Society. At the general election of 1896 it cast 1300 votes and its present estimated population is 6,500. Its assessed valuation in the year 1897 was the sum of \$1,745,890 which was upon a low and very conservative basis of valuation. Its total bonded indebtedness from all sources is \$45,000. The total rate of taxation in the year 1897 for State, county, and local purposes was \$2.87 on each one hundred dollars valuation.

By its Incorporation Act the City is authorized, subject to an affirmative vote of its electors to issue its bonds in a sum not exceeding \$150,000 for procuring water and constructing municipal water works, and in a necessary sum for constructing municipal electric light works. A special election was called by the City Council for October 7, 1897 at which election the electors of the city voted in favor of bonding the city in the sum of \$130,000 for municipal water works and in the sum of \$20,000 for a municipal electric light plant by a vote of 409 in favor and 130 against. In December 1897 an action in *quo warranto* was instituted in the Supreme Court of Nevada by Mr. A. G. Fletcher in which the constitutionality of the Incorporation Act was as sailed upon twelve distinct grounds and also in which the legality, regularity, and sufficiency of the special election held on October 7, 1897, was questioned. On the 23rd day of February 1898, the Supreme Court of Nevada filed its unanimous opinion in the action in which it sustained the constitutionality of the Incorporation Act, and the legality, regularity, and the sufficiency of the special election, in each and every particular. The City Council is authorized by law to raise the necessary funds with which to meet the bond interest charges and to liquidate the principal by either direct taxation of all property or by water and light charges against users or by both.

R. S. OSBURN, President City Council. Attest: F. B. PORTER, City Clerk, Reno, Nevada, March 7, 1898 3-91d

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT a meeting of the stockholders of the Union Ditch Company, held at their office at a meeting of the Trustees of the Union Ditch Company, held at their office in Reno, Nevada, on Saturday, March 19, 1898, an assessment (No. 15) of one (\$1) dollar per share for the year was made upon the capital stock of the company, payable at once to the Treasurer of the company, the bank of Nevada, at its office in Reno, Nevada. Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the

SUMMONS.

IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT Court of the State of Nevada, in and for Washoe county. The State of Nevada sends to M. T. Chappel, greeting: You are hereby summoned and appear in the Second Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, in and for the County of Washoe and answer the complaint therein within ten days after the service of this summons, or on the 21st day of April, 1898, if served out of said county, or twenty days if served out of said county, but in said District, and in all other cases when the cause of action accrued, or by default will be deemed to have accrued, within ten days after the service of this summons, or on the 21st day of April, 1898, if served out of said county, or twenty days if served out of said county, but in said District, and in all other cases when the cause of action accrued, or by default will be deemed to have accrued, within ten days after the service of this summons, or on the 21st day of April, 1898, if served out of said county, or twenty days if served out of said county, but in said District, and in all other cases when the cause of action accrued, or by 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